



Co-funded by the
Erasmus+ Programme
of the European Union

MORE EUROPE TO OVERCOME THE CRISIS MOREEU ECE NEWS - II, 1



Year II, n. 1

MoreEU European Civic Education Newsletter

January 2016

[MoreEU Website](#) - [MoreEU Blog](#)

[Contents: I - Editorial; II - Euro gleam on top news; III - Our initiatives; IV - Other interesting opportunities; V - Publications;](#)

I - Editorial

Schengen needs to be safeguarded in the face of international crises!

Jacques Delors, Antonio Vitorino and Yves Bertoncini

The shocking and cowardly terrorist attacks in Paris and the massive influx of asylum-seekers in the EU have raised major questions regarding our ability to ensure the effective monitoring of what are now our common external borders. We call on the heads of state and government to address these unprecedented crises on the basis of a clear political vision.

We should be united to fight efficiently against the threat of terrorism, in Europe as well as abroad. The refugees are victims, they are not a threat, and the European people are sufficiently strong to face in the longer term the challenge of taking them in and integrating them.

We call on the heads of state and government to develop a more proactive diplomacy to stabilise our neighbourhood as well as to extend their aid to those countries currently taking in the majority of Syrian asylum-seekers (Turkey, Jordan and Lebanon) in order to allow the asylum-seekers to remain in their region of origin.

We also call on them to strengthen the monitoring of our borders, in particular by stepping up the struggle against terrorists, human traffickers and organised crime, and thus also by optimising the exchange of information at the police and intelligence services level.

To achieve these aims, the heads of state and government have the good fortune to have available to them numerous European police and judiciary cooperation tools (the Schengen Information System, Europol, Eurojust, Frontex, the European Asylum Support Office and so forth) which they need to use and to diversify in order to tackle the crisis.

It is crucial that they mobilise these tools both for reasons of efficiency (a country acting on its own is powerless) and also in order to bolster mutual confidence among the member states, which must all be convinced of the fact that no single one of them is neglecting its duty to monitor our common borders.



MORE EUROPE TO OVERCOME THE CRISIS MOREEU ECE NEWS - II, 1

We should indeed remember that an overwhelming majority of the 141 articles in the convention regulating the Schengen agreement's implementation are designed to organise police and judiciary cooperation among the member states' national authorities – a form of cooperation so useful that even non-Schengen countries such as the United Kingdom have decided to opt into it.

“Schengen” means at one and the same time more freedom and more security, two areas of progress which need to be consolidated in parallel. Terrorist attacks are often perpetrated by nationals, both in Europe and elsewhere, but they have international roots, so they call for European and international responses. Terrorists are often people known to the police, to the legal system, and to the intelligence services, so we will be able to combat terrorist attacks more effectively by earmarking additional legal, human and financial resources to these services, rather than by allocating those resources in a sterile manner to the monitoring of internal borders within the Schengen area.

Schengen is the precondition for our security: if we are to defeat terrorism, our strength lies in unity, and disunity leaves us defenceless. The recent creation of hotspots in Greece and in Italy also falls within that European rationale. We must show solidarity with these countries for the sake of generosity, of course, but also in order to resume control over the situation on “our” borders.

Furthermore, we must extend this move towards Europeanisation without delay: by setting up a European coast guard and border guard corps; with operations at sea under the banner of the United Nations; by bolstering Frontex, including with procedures for the expulsion of illegal immigrants; by creating European routes for legal immigration, and so forth.

While the Schengen regulations do indeed allow for the temporary reintroduction of national border monitoring in the event of a crisis, it is in no one's interest for such a situation to last forever on account of the exorbitant economic and financial cost that it entails. While the return to national borders' monitoring may be an option, it is certainly not a solution.

A step back into the past would be tantamount to losing sight of the wood for the trees. While all Europeans would unquestionably suffer from the move, who would actually benefit from it? We need both to safeguard and to strengthen Schengen in the face of international crises, shirking the dangerous temptation to fall back on national borders. Let us be more united in the face of new challenges, in a spirit of cooperation and of solidarity, so that Schengen may live – long live Schengen!

II - A European gleam on top news of the period.

- Uncertain Future in Spain after the elections : <http://www.bbc.com/news/world-europe-35149983>



MORE EUROPE TO OVERCOME THE CRISIS

MOREEU ECE NEWS - II, 1

- Schulz accuses Poland : <http://www.thenews.pl/1/10/Artykul/235922,EU-Parliament-chief-accuses-Poland-of-%E2%80%98Putinstyle%E2%80%99-politics>
- Merkel proposes tougher migrant laws after Cologne attacks
<http://www.bbc.com/news/world-europe-35271171>

III - Our initiatives

Institute of European Studies - University of Warsaw:

-**Call for Papers: More EU International Conference** (20-21 June, 2016, Warsaw): *EU Legitimacy in Time of Crisis: How to Overcome the Legitimacy and Democracy Deficit of the EU?* International Conference organised by the Jean Monnet Network “MoreEU: More EU to overcome the crisis” (coordinated by the Scuola Superiore Sant’Anna and involving CEU-San Pablo University in Spain, Warsaw University in Poland, Universidade Nova de Lisboa in Portugal and Notre Europe – Jacques Delors Institute in France) in partnership with the Polish Association of European Studies (PTSE) to be held at the Institute of European Studies, University of Warsaw. Deadline for the paper submission is: 31 March 2016. More information: www.eulegitimacyconference.uw.edu.pl.

CEU San Pablo University :

-New edition of Master programmes (2016): 1) Master in European Union The European Union Master’s Degree is an official postgraduate programme organized by the Institute for European Studies within the University CEU San Pablo. There are specific reasons that make this Master’s occupy a prominent place in the field of European studies at the international level. It’s official, bilingual and provides specific training in areas that analyze European integration from a multidisciplinary perspective. More information: <http://goo.gl/98tM7o> 2) Master in International Relations The International Relations Master’s Degree is an official postgraduate program organized by the Institute for European Studies within the University CEU San Pablo. This program is pioneer in Spain and leads the ranking in academic research within the domains of International Relations and European studies. It’s official, interdisciplinary and bilingual. More information: <http://goo.gl/1NTn7P>

-III Curso Superior de Arbitraje This is the first course in Spanish offered as part of the program ‘Recognised Course Provider (RCP)’. It allows participants to access the accreditation at the level of Member (MCI Arb) of the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators. (February 22 to 26, 2016) More information: <http://goo.gl/iQT8AB>

-Permanent Arbitration Seminar - Inversores protegidos. Inversiones protegidas The permanent arbitration seminar is a discussion forum for all topics related to international arbitration, in all of its fields: trade arbitration, international investments arbitration, and international public law



MORE EUROPE TO OVERCOME THE CRISIS MOREEU ECE NEWS - II, 1

arbitration. José María Alonso Puig will be the speaker. (March 31, 2016) More information: <http://goo.gl/UvyBIX>

-International Conference on 'Migration and Asylum: New Challenges and Opportunities for Europe' The CEU San Pablo University and the University Institute for European Studies organize an International Conference on 'Migration and Asylum. New Challenges and Opportunities for Europe'. The refugee problem has fostered an intense debate regarding what political, legal and social changes are necessary in the European system to provide effective solutions. The Conference will focus on the European refugee crisis but with a wide and interdisciplinary perspective. The objective is to establish a dialogue among different disciplines and approaches from economic, social and legal dimensions to social attitudes, moral values, human rights and different policies to deal with this migration crisis. (April 21 – 22, 2016) More information: <http://goo.gl/v89EjQ>

-Sport & EU 11th Annual Conference The Institute for European Studies and the Centre for Competition Policy of CEU San Pablo University will host and co-organise the 11th Annual Conference of the Association for the Study of Sport and the European Union (Sport&EU) on 27-28 June 2016 in Madrid. We would like to seize the occasion of this annual conference to look forward to the most pressing challenges for the study of sport in Europe. (June 27 – 28, 2016) More information: <http://goo.gl/OHNqDI>

Nova Law School:

-Within the scope of the MoreEu project, on November and December 2015, Nova Law School organized a course called "Train European Citizens" ("Formar cidadãos Europeus"). In the 10 hour course participated 20 professors from several schools of the outskirts of Lisbon

-Nova Law School organized in December 2015 a course on EU State Aid Law directed at practitioners

-Nova Law School launch in January 2015 the II Edition of the International and European master program. The master is coordinated by the MoreEu academic coordinators Nuno Piçarra and Francisco Pereira Coutinho

Scuola Superiore Sant'Anna:

-STALS Seminar, Sara Iglesias, Fundamental Rights in the Area of Freedom, Security and Justice (AFSJ) and the Principle of Mutual Trust, January 29, 2016
<http://stals.sssup.it/files/Sara%20Iglesias.pdf>

IV - Publications



MORE EUROPE TO OVERCOME THE CRISIS MOREEU ECE NEWS - II, 1

José M^a Beneyto – Juan Carlos Pereira (Directors); Marta Hernández (Coordinator), *Historia de la política exterior española en los siglos XX y XXI*, CEU Ediciones. Madrid, 2016. More information: <http://goo.gl/6YkGv5>

Jarosław Filip Czub, *Przewycięzanie kryzysu poprzez poszerzanie zakresu przedmiotowego udziału grup biznesu w podejmowaniu i realizacji decyzji w UE* [Overcoming the crisis by expanding the scope of business groups' participation in making and implementing decisions in the EU], „Przegląd Europejski” 2015, 2 (36), p. 10-24. <http://en.przegladeuropejski.wdinp.uw.edu.pl/zasoby/pliki/36/1-Czub.pdf>

Marta Jas-Koziarkiewicz, *Prawne i instytucjonalne podstawy polityki informacyjnej Unii Europejskiej* [Legal and institutional basis of the information policy of the European Union], „Przegląd Europejski” 2015, 2 (36), p. 26-57. <http://en.przegladeuropejski.wdinp.uw.edu.pl/zasoby/pliki/36/2-Jas.pdf>

Joachim English, *Energy taxation and key legal concepts in the EU State aid context: looking for a common understanding. Energy Tax Incentives and the GBER regime*, Instituto Universitario de Estudios Europeos – CEU Ediciones, Madrid 2015. Download: <http://goo.gl/EnmqQ1>

Elvire Fabry, *TTIP and German opinion's legitimate fears* in Notre Europe-Jacques Delors Institute synthesis, <http://www.delorsinstitute.eu/011-22272-The-TTIP-and-the-legitimate-fears-of-the-German-public-opinion.html>

Wojciech Lewandowski, *Kto jedzie na gapę? Napięcie aksjologiczne pomiędzy solidaryzmem a neoliberalizmem w Unii Europejskiej doby kryzysu* [Who is taking a free ride? Axiological tension between solidarity and neoliberalism in the European Union in a time of crisis], „Przegląd Europejski” 2015, 2 (36), p. 58-69. <http://en.przegladeuropejski.wdinp.uw.edu.pl/zasoby/pliki/36/3-Lewandowski.pdf>

Jerónimo Maillo and Justo Corti (eds.), *Solidarity in Hard Times. Solidarity and the European Social Model in times of economic crisis*, in “Perspectives on Federalism” VOL. 7, ISSUE 3, 2015. Download: <http://on-federalism.eu/index.php/component/content/article/228-solidarity-in-the-european-union-in-times-of-economic-crisis>

Giuseppe Martinico, *The “Polemical” Spirit of European Constitutional Law: On the Importance of Conflicts in EU Law*, *German Law Journal*, 2015, 1343-1374

Giuseppe Martinico, *Time and comparative law before courts: the subversive function of the diachronic comparison*, in *The Theory and Practice of Legislation*, 2015, 195-212.

Giuseppe Martinico- A. M. Russo, *Is the European Union a Militant Democracy? The perspective of the Court of Justice in Zambrano and Kadi*, in “European Public Law”, 2015, 659-678

Giuseppe Martinico, *A Multi-Speed EU? An Institutional and Legal Assessment*, IAI- CSF Working Paper Series, 2015, available at: <http://www.iai.it/sites/default/files/iaiw1548.pdf>



MORE EUROPE TO OVERCOME THE CRISIS MOREEU ECE NEWS - II, 1

Giuseppe Martinico, *Exploring the constitutional complexity of the EU. An introduction to a symposium*, in "Panóptica, Revista Eletrônica Acadêmica de Direito", 2015, 6-10

Giuseppe Martinico, *Taking complexity seriously. A rejoinder*, in "Panóptica, Revista Eletrônica Acadêmica de Direito", 2015, 39-43

Giuseppe Martinico, *The problematic triangle: national constitutions, the ECHR and EU law in the post Lisbon scenario*, in L. Gordillo (ed.), *Constitutionalism of European Supranational Courts*, Thomson-Aranzadi, 2015, 193-216

Małgorzata Mizerska-Wrotkowska, *La política exterior de Suecia en la segunda mitad del siglo XX*, Schedas, Madrid 2015. <http://www.amazon.com/pol%C3%ADtica-exterior-segunda-Colecci%C3%B3n-Universidad-ebook/dp/B017ABDYQ8>

Małgorzata Mizerska-Wrotkowska, José Luis Orella (eds.), *Poland and Spain in the interwar and postwar period*, Schedas, Madrid 2015. <http://www.amazon.com/Poland-Interwar-Postwar-Colecci%C3%B3n-Universidad/dp/8494418068>

Francisco Pereira Coutinho, *Tax Arbitration Courts and Preliminary References* in Nuno Villa-Lobos e Tânia Carvalhais Pereira (Coord.), *The Portuguese Tax Arbitration Regime*, Almedina, Coimbra, 2015, pp. 235-260.

Francisco Pereira Coutinho, *Courts and European Integration* in Luís Pereira Coutinho, Massimo La Torre, Steven D. Smith (Eds.), *Judicial Activism: An Interdisciplinary Approach to the American and European Experiences*, Springer, 2015, pp. 181-196.

Pasquale Pistone and Iñaki Bilbao, *The role of tax incentives on the energy sector under the Climate Change's challenges*, Instituto Universitario de Estudios Europeos – CEU Ediciones, Madrid 2015. Download: <http://goo.gl/JsyPiF>

Elualia Rubio, *Federalising the Eurozone: Towards a true European budget?* in "Notre Europe-Jacques Delors Institute Policy Papers", <http://www.delorsinstitute.eu/011-22323-Federalising-the-Eurozone-Towards-a-true-European-budget.html>

Jolanta Szymańska, *Struktura organizacyjna instytucji unijnych – analiza efektywności w dobie kryzysu* [Organisational structure of the EU institutions – an analysis of effectiveness in a time of crisis], „Przegląd Europejski” 2015, 2 (36), p. 90-116. <http://en.przegladeuropejski.wdinp.uw.edu.pl/zasoby/pliki/36/5-Szymanska.pdf>

Marta Villar Ezcurra and Pernille Wegener Jessen, *Energy taxation and key legal concepts in the EU State aid context: looking for a common understanding*, Instituto Universitario de Estudios Europeos – CEU Ediciones. Madrid 2015. Download: <http://goo.gl/XXscFy>



Co-funded by the
Erasmus+ Programme
of the European Union

MORE EUROPE TO OVERCOME THE CRISIS MOREEU ECE NEWS - II, 1

António Vitorino, *“Shared sovereignty for monitoring borders already shared”*, in *“Notre Europe- Jacques Delors Institute Tribune”*, <http://www.delorsinstitute.eu/011-22256-Shared-sovereignty-for-monitoring-borders-already-shared.html>

Marta Witkowska (red.), *Bilans polskiego członkostwa w Unii Europejskiej [The Balance of the Polish membership in European Union]*, Wydział Dziennikarstwa i Nauk Politycznych UW, Warszawa 2015. http://www.pl.europeistyka.uw.edu.pl/u/files/Witkowska_Bilans%20polskiego%20cz%20C5%82onkosta%20w%20UE_z%20notkami%20-%20B5%20-%204%20kor.%20DRUK.pdf